



Legal Services and Records Management Records Management office Åsa Berglund, head of division

Plan for the destruction and preservation of research documents within the Faculty of Social Sciences

Background

The plan is based on the regulations and general advice of the Swedish National Archives on the destruction of documents in research activities run by public authorities, RA-FS 1999:1. According to the Swedish National Archives, the public authority concerned is to decide on the application of these regulations, preferably by establishing plans for the destruction and preservation of documents in various subject fields. The destruction of documents can also be decided by the public authority after case by case review. The latter approach is that currently applied at Lund University pursuant to the local application decision on the destruction of research documents from 2015 (reg. no V 2015/494). However, at the Faculty of Medicine, the local application decision was replaced by a special plan for the destruction and preservation of research documents (reg. no V 2016/1945) on 1 January 2017. Similarly, the Faculty of Social Sciences is now provided with its own subject-specific plan.

Decision

It is hereby decided that, as of 1 January 2018, the following plan for the destruction and preservation of documents shall apply to research documents within the Faculty of Social Sciences. The plan is also to be applied in the assessment of older documents for destruction and archiving. However, there is to be no retroactive registration of documents. Research documents of doctoral students are considered part of Lund University's stock of public documents.

The plan was drawn up by the research documents working group at the Faculty of Social Sciences, and is endorsed by the faculty's council of heads of departments.

The decision was made after a presentation by archivist Bengt Werner.

Åsa Berglund Head of Division

Introduction

The instructions "registration" or "systematic filing" comply with Lund University's records management plan (V 2016/2003), area of activity 4 on conducting research.

The expression "systematic filing" refers to various levels in filing and registration work. The basic level is the systematic filing organised by the researcher in conjunction with their research work. The final level consists of the filing and registration performed by the professional archivist, in accordance with the Swedish National Archives' regulations and the University's application of them.

More information about records management and archiving can be found on the Records Management office's website. For electronic (digital) documents, there are special instructions in the decision on *Guidelines for the preservation of electronic documents at Lund University* (reg. no V 2016/920).

1 Aim, method and results

Document	Destruction/preservation	Management
Basic information on the	To be preserved.	To be registered:
aim, method and results		Project description and
		project plans, methods
		descriptions and
		instructions,
		intermediate and final
		research reports,
		reports on seminars,
		conferences and similar
		events organised by the
		project.
		To be filed
		systematically:
		Published research
		results.

2 Finances, ethical review, permits, project governance, important correspondence

Document	Destruction/preservation	Management
Applications and decisions on research funding	To be preserved.	To be registered.
Contracts with research funding bodies	To be preserved.	To be registered.
Agreements on contract research	To be preserved.	To be registered.
Final financial report	To be preserved.	To be registered.

Applications and	To be preserved.	To be registered.
decisions concerning		
ethical review or other		
permits for elements		
within a research project		
Minutes or notes from	To be preserved.	To be filed
meetings on the		systematically.
governance of the		
research project, e.g.		
steering group and		
reference group		
meetings		
Important	To be preserved.	To be registered or filed
correspondence		systematically.

3 Primary material

The assessment of the documents' preservation value is to be made at the relevant department, in consultation between the head of department and the researchers concerned. Documents are not to be destroyed without the approval from the head of department.

Document	Destruction/preservation	Management
Project journals	To be preserved.	To be filed
(journals which		systematically.
chronologically		
document certain		
elements of the research,		
e.g. laboratory logs)		
Registers and databases	To be preserved.	To be filed
of data with a		systematically.
particularly high degree		
of coverage and		
verifiability		
Documents highlighting	To be preserved.	To be filed
the historical		systematically.
development of a		
scientific discipline		
Documents highlighting	To be preserved.	To be filed
the academic		systematically.
environment from the		
perspective of cultural		
history		
Documents highlighting	To be preserved.	To be filed
the activities of a well-		systematically.
known person		
Documents pertaining to	To be preserved.	To be filed
research that received a		systematically.
lot of attention in public		
debate or that is		
expected to do so when		
the research results are		
further disseminated		

Documents gathered through experiments, measurements, surveys, interviews, observational studies, etc. To be preserved:
Documents which are unique or could only be recreated with great effort.

To be destroyed:
Documents which are
neither assessed as being
of scientific value for
long-term preservation,
nor should be preserved
for having science
history, personal history
or cultural heritage
value, or because the
research received a lot of
attention in public debate

Documents to be preserved:
To be filed systematically.

Documents relating to research not funded by the EU:

To be destroyed 10 years after the publication of the research results.

Documents relating to research funded by the EU:

To be destroyed 17 years after the publication of the research results.